Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company

Public Shareholding Company
Financial Statements
31 December 2021

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Shareholders of Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Amman - Jordan

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company PLC, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

(1) Provision for Expected Credit Loss

Included in the accompanying financial statements at the end of the year 2021 financial assets totaling JOD (603,149,913), as the provision for the expected credit loss of these financial assets are dependent on the management's estimates of different variables, the adequacy of the provision is considered a key audit matter. The audit procedures performed by us to address this key audit matter included inquiring from management about the methodology used in calculating the provision and assessing the reasonableness of estimates and assumptions used by the management in calculating the provision amount. We have also inquired about the management's collection procedures and the amounts collected post year end.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual our aninion on the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

The Company maintains proper accounting records and the accompanying financial statements are in agreement therewith and with the financial data presented in the Board of Directors' report, and we recommend the General Assembly to approve it.

9 February 2022 Amman – Jordan Profession as Storage Storage

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Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	13,905,943	8,457,512
Deposits at banks	4	2,495,209	2,495,209
Refinance loans	5	584,750,382	582,004,614
Employees' housing loans	6	481,744	515,545
Interest receivable		7,038,265	7,364,018
Financial assets at amortized cost	7	5,995,940	5,995,940
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8	827,750	827,750
Other assets	9	57,037	30,772
Property and equipment	10	402,936	421,214
Total Assets		615,955,206	608,112,574
Liabilities and Equity			
Liabilities			
Bonds	11	565,000,000	562,000,000
Central Bank of Jordan loan	12	20,014,027	19,038,873
Accrued interest		5,803,957	6,560,713
Other liabilities	13	2,262,441	1,912,367
Total Liabilities		593,080,425	589,511,953
Equity	14		
Paid – in capital	11	10,000,000	5,000,000
Statutory reserve		4,306,729	3,696,785
Voluntary reserve		1,949,774	1,949,774
Special reserve		2,254,627	2,018,515
Fair value adjustments		58,858	58,858
Retained earnings		4,304,793	5,876,689
Total Equity		22,874,781	18,600,621
Total Liabilities and Equity		615,955,206	608,112,574

[&]quot;The attached notes from (1) to (27) form an integral part of these financial statements"

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Statement of Profit or Loss For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
Interest income	15	31,689,663	31,473,334
Interest expense	16	(24,394,012)	(24,592,885)
Gross operating income		7,295,651	6,880,449
Administrative expenses	17	(1,166,986)	(1,063,459)
Depreciation	10	(29,222)	(38,551)
Donation (Himmat Watan)		-	(750,000)
Provision for expected credit losses		-	(239,510)
Other revenues		-	775
Fees and other expenses	18	(55,000)	(55,000)
Profit before income tax		6,044,443	4,734,704
Income tax and National contribution expense	22	(1,726,326)	(1,413,298)
Profit for the year		4,318,117	3,321,406
Basic and diluted earnings per share	19	0.432	0.332

[&]quot;The attached notes from (1) to (27) form an integral part of these financial statements"

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	2021	2020
Profit for the year	4,318,117	3,321,406
Other comprehensive income item:		
Changes in fair value of financial assets	<u> </u>	455,263
Total comprehensive income for the year	4,318,117	3,776,669

[&]quot;The attached notes from (1) to (27) form an integral part of these financial statements"

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Statement of Changes in Equity For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

(In Jordanian Dinar)

	Paid-in		Reserves		Fair value	Retained*	
	capital	Statutory	Voluntary	Special	adjustments	earnings	Total
Balance at 1 January 2021	5,000,000	3,696,785	1,949,774	2,018,515	58,858	5,876,689	18,600,621
Increase in capital (Note 14)	5,000,000	-	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	-
Cost of increase in capital	-	-	-	-	-	(43,957)	(43,957)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	4,318,117	4,318,117
Reserves	-	609,944	-	236,112	-	(846,056)	-
Balance at 31 December 2021	10,000,000	4,306,729	1,949,774	2,254,627	58,858	4,304,793	22,874,781
Balance at 1 January 2020	5,000,000	3,217,815	1,949,774	1,768,775	(396,405)	5,033,993	16,573,952
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	(1,750,000)	(1,750,000)
Total comprehensive income	-	_	-	_	455,263	3,321,406	3,776,669
Reserves	-	478,970	-	249,740	-	(728,710)	-
Balance at 31 December 2020	5,000,000	3,696,785	1,949,774	2,018,515	58,858	5,876,689	18,600,621

^{*} According to instructions issued by SEC, negative (debit) balance in the change in fair value account of equity instruments valued at fair value through comprehensive income is excluded from profits distributable to shareholders.

"The attached notes from (1) to (27) form an integral part of these financial statements"

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 31 December 2021

	2021	2020
Operating Activities		
Profit for the year before income tax	6,044,443	4,734,704
Depreciation	29,222	38,551
Central Bank of Jordan loan	975,154	927,641
Provision for expected credit losses	-	239,510
Changes in working capital		
Interest receivable	325,753	357,809
Refinance loans	(2,745,768)	(51,245,768)
Employees' housing loans	33,801	39,430
Other assets	(26,265)	(8,810)
Accrued interest	(756,756)	(55,243)
Bonds	3,000,000	51,500,000
Income tax paid	(1,525,958)	(1,504,046)
Other liabilities	149,706	75,874
Net cash flows from operating activities	5,503,332	5,099,652
Investing Activities		
Property and equipment	(10,944)	(3,900)
Financing Activities		
Cost of increase in capital	(43,957)	(4.550.000)
Dividends paid	- (12.055)	(1,750,000)
Net cash flows used in financing activity	(43,957)	(1,750,000)
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	5,448,431	3,345,752
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,460,195	5,114,443
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	13,908,626	8,460,195

[&]quot;The attached notes from (1) to (27) form an integral part of these financial statements"

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company Public Shareholding Company Notes to the Financial Statements 31 December 2021

(In Jordanian Dinar)

1. General

Jordan Mortgage Refinance Company was established on 5 June 1996 in accordance with Jordanian Companies Law No. (22) Of 1997 and registered under No. (314) as a public shareholding company and was granted the operating license on 22 July 1996. The Company's head office is in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan and its main objectives are:

- Development and improvement of the housing finance market in Jordan by enabling licensed banks and other financial institutions to increase their participation in granting housing loans.
- Enhancement and development of the capital market in Jordan by issuing medium and long-term bonds.

The Company stocks are listed in Amman Stock Exchange – Jordan.

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Company's Board of Directors in their meeting held on 9 February 2022.

2. Summary of accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for investment securities, which have been measured at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in the Jordanian Dinar, which is the functional currency of the Company.

The accounting policies are consistent with those used in the previous year, except for the adoption of new and amended standards effective as at the beginning of the year.

Adoption of new and revised IFRS standards

The following standards have been published that are mandatory for accounting periods after 31 December 2021. Management anticipates that the adoption of new and revised Standards will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company.

Standard No.	andard No. Title of Standard		Effective Date		
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts		1 January 2023		

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of financial assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the revenues, expenses and the provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions about several factors involving varying degrees of judgment and uncertainty and actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provisions.

Management believes that the estimates are reasonable and are as follows:

- Management reviews periodically the tangible assets in order to assess the depreciation for the year based on the useful life and future economic benefits. Any impairment is taken to the statement of profit or loss.
- The measurement of impairment losses under IFRS 9 requires judgment, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances. Elements of the expected credit loss model that are considered accounting judgments and estimates include Probability of default (PD), Loss given default (LGD) and Exposure at default (EAD).

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the statement of financial position at cost. For the purposes of the Cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short - term highly liquid investments.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

These financial assets represent investments in equity instruments held for the purpose of generating gain on a long term and not for trading purpose.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income initially stated at fair value plus transaction costs at purchase date.

Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains or losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in the statement of other comprehensive income and within owner's equity, including the changes in fair value resulting from translation of non-monetary assets stated at foreign currency. Gain or Loss from the sale of these investments should be recognized in the statement of comprehensive income and within owner's equity, and the balance of the revaluation reserve for these assets should be transferred directly to the retained earnings and not to the statement of profit or loss.

These assets are not subject to impairment testing.

Dividends are recorded in the statement of profit or loss on a separate line item.

Financial assets at amortized cost

They are the financial assets which the Company's management intends according to its business model to hold for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows which comprise the contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the outstanding principal.

Those financial assets are stated at cost upon purchase plus acquisition expenses. Moreover, the issue premium / discount are amortized using the effective interest rate method, and recorded to the interest account. Provisions associated with the decline in value of these investments leading to the inability to recover the investment or part therefore are deducted, and any impairment loss in its value is recorded in the statement of profit or loss.

The amount of the impairment loss recognized is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

It is not allowed to reclassify any financial assets from / to this category except for certain cases specified in the International Financial Reporting Standards (in the case of selling any of these assets before its maturity date, the result should be recorded in a separate line item in the statement of profit or loss, disclosures should be made in accordance to the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards).

Fair value

For fair value of investments, which are traded in organized financial markets, is determined by reference to the quoted market bid price at the close of the business on the statement of financial position date. For investments which are listed in inactive stock markets, traded in small quantities or have no current prices, the fair value is measured using the current value of cash flows or any other method adopted. If there is no reliable method for the measurement of these investments, then they are stated at cost less any impairment in their value.

Trading and settlement date accounting

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date on which the Company commits its self to purchase or sell the asset.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the statements of profit or loss.

The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Expenditures incurred after the fixed assets have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to income in the period the costs are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as an additional cost of property and equipment.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis using the following annual depreciation rates:

Buildings 2-20% Furniture & fixtures 15-25% Vehicles 20% Computers 30%

The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of deprecation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment.

Loans and bonds

Interest on long-term loans and bonds are recorded using the accrual basis of accounting and recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

Accrual accounts

Accrued payments are recognized upon receiving goods or performance of services.

Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provision for end of service indemnity

The provision for end of service indemnity is calculated based on the contractual provisions of the employment.

Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and the Company intends to either settle them on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Revenues

Revenues from sale of goods are recognized when control transferred to the buyer, while revenues from rending services are recognized over time and according to percentage of completion. In all cases, it is necessary that the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Interest is recognized on a time proportion basis that reflects the effective yield on the assets.

Dividends are recognized when the Company's right to receive payment is established.

Other revenues are recorded according to the accrual basis.

Income tax

Income tax expenses are accounted for on the basis of taxable income. Taxable income differs from income declared in the financial statements because the latter includes non-taxable revenues or disallowed taxable expenses in the current year but deductible in subsequent years, accumulated losses acceptable by the tax law, and items not accepted for tax purposes or subject to tax.

Taxes are calculated on the basis of the tax rates according to the prevailing laws, regulations, and instructions of the countries where the Company operates.

3 . Cash and cash equivalents

	2021	2020
Cash at banks	9,428,389	6,995,550
Deposits held for period less than 3 months	4,480,237	1,464,645
	13,908,626	8,460,195
Provision for expected credit losses	(2,683)	(2,683)
	13,905,943	8,457,512
The movement on the provision for expected credit losses was as follow:	2021	2020
Opening balance Provision for expected credit losses for the year	2,683	1,143 1,540
	2,683	2,683
Annual interest rate for bank deposits is (2.75% - 3.8%).		

4. Deposits at banks

	2021	2020
Deposits held for period more than 3 months and less than 6 months Provision for expected credit losses	2,500,000 (4,791)	2,500,000 (4,791)
	2,495,209	2,495,209
The movement on the provision for expected credit losses was as follow:		
	2021	2020
Opening balance Provision for expected credit losses for the year	4,791 -	4,611 180
·	4,791	4,791

Annual interest rate for bank deposits is (4.35%).

5. Refinance loans

This item represents loans granted to local and foreign banks and finance lease companies for the purpose of financing housing loans.

	2021	2020
Balance at 1 January	582,508,568	531,262,800
Granted loans	207,000,000	243,500,000
Repaid loans	(204,254,232)	(192,254,232)
	585,254,336	582,508,568
Provision for expected credit losses	(503,954)	(503,954)
	584,750,382	582,004,614
The movement on the provision for expected credit losses was as follow:		
	2021	2020
Opening balance	503,954	267,051
Provision for expected credit losses for the year		236,903
	503,954	503,954

The aggregate amounts of annual principal maturities of refinance loans are as follows:

Year	JOD
2022	138,754,336
2023	149,000,000
2024	213,500,000
2025	-
After 2025	84,000,000
	585,254,336

These loans earn annual interest ranges between (3.5%) and (7%).

6. Employees' housing loans

	2021	2020
Balance at 1 January Repaid loans	520,752 (33,801)	560,182 (39,430)
Provision for expected credit losses	486,951 (5,207) 481,744	520,752 (5,207) 515,545
The movement on the provision for expected credit losses was as follow:	101,/11	313,343
The me remain on the provision of peeter element codes in as as lene	2021	2020
Opening balance (Unneeded) provision for expected credit losses	5,207 	6,007 (800)
	5,207	5,207

7 . Financial assets at amortized costs

	Interest rate	2021	2020
Water Authority bonds, issue number (69) , maturity $date 10/11/2026$	6.484%	5,000,000	5,000,000
Al-Ahli Bank bonds, maturity date 12/10/2023	5.5%	1,000,000	1,000,000
		6,000,000	6,000,000
Provision for expected credit losses		(4,060)	(4,060)
		5,995,940	5,995,940
The movement on the provision for expected credit losses was as follow:			
	202	21	2020
Opening balance		4,060	2,373
Provision for expected credit losses for the year		<u> </u>	1,687
		4,060	4,060

8 . Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

This represents the fair value investment of (2.85%) of Jordan Loan Guarantee Corp. capital, a public shareholding company listed in Amman Stock Exchange.

9. Other assets

	2021	2020
Projects under construction	34,710	8,400
Prepaid expenses	20,929	20,724
Refundable deposits	1,398	1,648
	57,037	30,772

10. Property and equipment

	Land	Buildings	Furniture & fixtures	Vehicles	Commutons	Total
Cost	Lanu	buildings	& lixtures	venicles	Computers	10141
Balance at 1/1/2021	176,400	410,608	113,368	77,700	124,275	902,351
Additions	170,400	410,000	9,937	77,700	1,007	10,944
Disposals	- -	_	(1,442)	-	(232)	(1,674)
Balance at 31/12/2021	176,400	410,608	121,863	77,700	125,050	911,621
Datance at 01/12/2021	170,100	110,000	121,000			711,021
Accumulated depreciation						
Balance at 1/1/2021	-	207,505	109,523	66,898	97,211	481,137
Depreciation	-	8,335	4,126	3,600	13,161	29,222
Disposals	-	-	(1,442)	-	(232)	(1,674)
Balance at 31/12/2021	-	215,840	112,207	70,498	110,140	508,685
Net book value at 31/12/2021	176,400	194,768	9,656	7,202	14,910	402,936
Cost			·			
Balance at 1/1/2020	176,400	410,608	112,887	77,700	123,221	900,816
Additions	-	-	481	-	3,419	3,900
Disposals	-	-	-	-	(2,365)	(2,365)
Balance at 31/12/2020	176,400	410,608	113,368	77,700	124,275	902,351
Accumulated depreciation		100.045	105.050	F0 110	07.010	444.054
Balance at 1/1/2020	-	199,047	105,872	53,119	86,913	444,951
Depreciation	-	8,458	3,651	13,779	12,663	38,551
Disposals			<u>-</u>		(2,365)	(2,365)
Balance at 31/12/2020		207,505	109,523	66,898	97,211	481,137
Net book value at 31/12/2020	176,400	203,103	3,845	10,802	27,064	421,214

11. Bonds

This item represents bonds issued by the company and carry an annual interest rate between (2.50%) and (6%).

	2021	2020
Balance at 1 January	562,000,000	510,500,000
Issued bonds	202,000,000	238,500,000
Repaid bonds	(199,000,000)	(187,000,000)
	565,000,000	562,000,000

The bonds outstanding balance is payable as follows:

Year	JOD
2022	133,500,000
2023	149,000,000
2024	203,500,000
2025	-
After 2025	79,000,000
	565,000,000
	·

12. Central Bank of Jordan loan

This item represents the present value of the debt instrument of JOD (40,275,412) issued to the favor of Central Bank of Jordan. The instrument matures at 7/6/2035 and carries fixed interest rate of (5.122%) per annum payable on the instrument's maturity date.

13. Other liabilities

	2021	2020
Provision for income tax (Note 22)	1,349,447	1,149,079
Provision for end of services indemnity	686,915	566,958
Employees medication	126,117	125,064
Board of Directors' remunerations	55,000	55,000
Suppliers payable	31,230	-
Accrued expenses	6,493	6,493
Provision for employees' vacations	5,194	5,194
Others	2,045	4,579
	2,262,441	1,912,367

14. Equity

Paid in capital

The Company's authorized and paid-in capital is JOD (10) Million divided equally into (10) Million shares with par value of JOD (1) each as at 31 December 2021.

The Company's authorized and paid-in capital is JOD (5) Million divided equally into (5) Million shares with par value of JOD (1) each as at 31 December 2020.

The General Assembly approved in its meeting held in 2021 to increase the authorized capital of the Company from JOD (5) million/share to JOD (10) million/share from retained earnings, and distribute it to existing shareholders as bonus shares.

Statutory reserve

The accumulated amounts in this account represent 10% of the Company's net income before income tax according to the Companies Law. The statutory reserve is not available for distribution to shareholders.

Voluntary reserve

The accumulated amounts in this account represent cumulative appropriations not exceeding 20% of net income. This reserve is available for distribution to shareholders.

Special reserve

The accumulated amounts in this account represent the provision taken by the Company against its exposure to interest rate risk.

Proposed dividends

The board of directors will propose to the general assembly in its meeting which will be held in 2022 to distribute 15% cash dividends to the shareholders.

The board of directors will propose to the General Assembly in its meeting which will be held in 2022 to increase the authorized capital of the Company from JOD (10) million/share to JOD (12.5) million/share from retained earnings, and distribute it to existing shareholders as bonus shares.

15	Interest in some		
15 .	Interest income	2021	2020
	Interest on refinance loans	30,929,782	30,666,711
	Interest on time deposits	326,593	361,132
	Treasury bonds interest	324,200	324,200
	Al-Ahli Bank bonds interest	55,000	60,041
	Refinance loans commission	42,050	48,900
	Interest on employee's housing loans	12,038	12,350
	1 dy day of the same of the sa	31,689,663	31,473,334
16 .	Interest expense		
		2021	2020
	Interest on bonds	23,335,472	23,588,079
	Interest on Central Bank of Jordan loan	1,003,617	954,717
	Others	54,923	50,089
		24,394,012	24,592,885
17 .	Administrative expenses		
	•	2021	2020
	Salaries and benefits	544,340	500,558
	Social security	69,775	65,672
	Board of Directors' transportation	125,400	125,400
	Employees bonus	120,004	108,544
	End of service indemnity and vacations	119,956	78,688
	Health, life and accidents insurance	45,211	45,102
	Employees' provident fund	40,241	36,954
	Professional fees	18,170	18,170
	Institute of Banking Studies fees	13,233	12,633
	Employees' training	812	10.040
	Building expenses	12,361	12,940
	Maintenance	12,096	8,637
	Donations Utilities	10,000 7,629	15,000 7,149
	Fees and subscriptions	5,464	5,597
	Vehicles expenses	5,975	5,906
	Stationery and publications	4,629	4,731
	Hospitality	2,602	2,807
	Post and telephone	2,529	2,017
	Advertisement	2,243	1,979
	Companies Controller fees	1,200	600
	Miscellaneous	3,116	4,375
		1,166,986	1,063,459
10	Tage and other averages		
18 .	Fees and other expenses	2021	2020
	Board of Director's remunerations	55,000	55,000

19 . Basic and diluted earnings per share

	2021	2020
Profit for the year	4,318,117	3,321,406
Weighted average number of shares	10,000,000	10,000,000
	0.432	0.332

20 . Executive management remuneration

The remuneration of executive management during the years 2021 and 2020 amounted to JOD (336,400) and JOD (304,876) respectively.

21 . Segment reporting

The Company is engaged mainly in one activity which is mortgages refinancing within the territory of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

22 . Income tax

The movement on provision for the income tax during the year is as follows:

Balance at beginning of the year 1,149,079 1,240,602 Income tax and national contribution expense for the year 1,726,326 1,413,298 Income tax paid (1,525,958) (1,504,046) Income tax refund from prior years - (775) Balance at end of the year (Note 13) 1,349,447 1,149,079 Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) 4,741,704 Tax able income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28% Effective tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28.6% 29.8%	_	2021	2020
Income tax and national contribution expense for the year 1,726,326 1,413,298 Income tax paid (1,504,046) (1,5025,958) (1,504,046) Income tax refund from prior years - (775) Balance at end of the year (Note 13) 1,349,447 1,149,079 Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	Balance at beginning of the year	1.149.079	1.240.602
Income tax paid (1,525,958) (1,504,046) Income tax refund from prior years - (775) Balance at end of the year (Note 13) 1,349,447 1,149,079 Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%			
Income tax refund from prior years - (775) Balance at end of the year (Note 13) 1,349,447 1,149,079 Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	± ,		
Balance at end of the year (Note 13) 1,349,447 1,149,079 Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	•	(1,020,000)	` ,
Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of the following: 2021 2020 Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%		1 240 447	
Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	= =	1,345,447	1,149,079
Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	Income tax expense for the year in the statement of profit or loss consists of tl	ne following:	
Income tax expense for the year 1,479,708 1,211,398 National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%		0	2020
National contribution tax for the year 246,618 201,900 1,726,326 1,413,298 The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%			
The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: 2021 2020 Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	Income tax expense for the year	1,479,708	1,211,398
The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income: Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	National contribution tax for the year	246,618	201,900
Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%		1,726,326	1,413,298
Declared income 6,044,443 4,734,704 Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	The following is the reconciliation between declared income and taxable income	ne:	
Tax exempted income (40,947) (47,411) Tax unacceptable expenses 161,956 360,198 Taxable income 6,165,452 5,047,491 Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%		2021	2020
Tax unacceptable expenses161,956360,198Taxable income6,165,4525,047,491Income tax rate (Include the National contribution)28%28%	Declared income	6,044,443	4,734,704
Taxable income6,165,4525,047,491Income tax rate (Include the National contribution)28%28%	Tax exempted income	(40,947)	(47,411)
Income tax rate (Include the National contribution) 28% 28%	Tax unacceptable expenses	161,956	360,198
,	Taxable income	6,165,452	5,047,491
,	Income tax rate (Include the National contribution)	28%	28%

- The Company has settled its tax liabilities with the Income Tax Department up to the year ended 2018.
- The Income tax returns for the years 2019 and 2020 has been filed with the Income Tax Department, but the Department has not reviewed the Company's records till the date of this report.
- The Income tax and National contribution tax provision for the year 2021 were calculated in accordance with the Income Tax Law.

23 . Analysis of the maturities of assets and liabilities

The following table illustrates the analysis of assets and liabilities according to the expected period of their recoverability or settlement.

2021	Up to one year	From one to two years	More than two years	Not tied to maturities	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	13,905,943	-	-	-	13,905,943
Deposits at banks	2,495,209	-	-	-	2,495,209
Refinance loans	138,250,382	149,000,000	297,500,000	-	584,750,382
Employees' housing loans	26,937	64,288	390,519	-	481,744
Interest receivable	7,038,265	-	-	-	7,038,265
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	-	5,995,940	-	5,995,940
Financial assets at fair value	-	-	-	827,750	827,750
Other assets	55,639	-	-	1,398	57,037
Property and equipment			<u>-</u>	402,936	402,936
Total Assets	161,772,375	149,064,288	303,886,459	1,232,084	615,955,206
Liabilities					
Bonds	133,500,000	149,000,000	282,500,000	-	565,000,000
Central Bank of Jordan loan	-	-	20,014,027	-	20,014,027
Accrued interest	5,803,957	-	-	-	5,803,957
Other liabilities	1,444,215			818,226	2,262,441
Total Liabilities	140,748,172	149,000,000	302,514,027	818,226	593,080,425
2020	Up to one year	From one to two years	More than two years	Not tied to maturities	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	8,457,512	-	-	-	8,457,512
Deposits at banks	2,495,209	-	-	-	2,495,209
Refinance loans	203,750,278	131,254,232	247,000,104	-	582,004,614
Employees' housing loans	28,595	64,288	422,662	-	515,545
Interest receivable					,
	7,364,018	-	-	-	7,364,018
Financial assets at amortized cost	7,364,018	-	- 5,995,940	-	
Financial assets at amortized cost Financial assets at fair value	7,364,018	- - -	5,995,940 -	- - 827,750	7,364,018
	7,364,018 - - - 29,124	- - -	- 5,995,940 - -	- 827,750 1,648	7,364,018 5,995,940
Financial assets at fair value	- -	- - - -	- 5,995,940 - -	·	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750
Financial assets at fair value Other assets	- -	131,318,520	5,995,940	1,648	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772
Financial assets at fair value Other assets Property and equipment	29,124 	131,318,520	- - -	1,648 421,214	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772 421,214
Financial assets at fair value Other assets Property and equipment Total Assets	29,124 	131,318,520	- - -	1,648 421,214	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772 421,214
Financial assets at fair value Other assets Property and equipment Total Assets Liabilities	29,124 		253,418,706	1,648 421,214	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772 421,214 608,112,574
Financial assets at fair value Other assets Property and equipment Total Assets Liabilities Bonds	29,124 		253,418,706 237,000,000	1,648 421,214	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772 421,214 608,112,574
Financial assets at fair value Other assets Property and equipment Total Assets Liabilities Bonds Central Bank of Jordan loan	29,124 		253,418,706 237,000,000	1,648 421,214	7,364,018 5,995,940 827,750 30,772 421,214 608,112,574 562,000,000 19,038,873

24 . Interest rate re-pricing gap

The Company adopts the assets - liabilities compatibility principle and the suitability of maturities to narrow gaps through categorizing assets and liabilities into various maturities or price review maturities, whichever are nearer, to lower risks in interest rates, studying gaps in the related interest rates.

2021	Up to one year	From one to two years	More than two years	Not tied to interest	Total
Assets	4.00.00				
Cash and cash equivalents	13,905,901	-	-	42	13,905,943
Deposits at banks	2,495,209	1 10 000 000	-	-	2,495,209
Refinance loans	138,250,382	149,000,000	297,500,000	-	584,750,382
Employees' housing loans	26,937	64,288	390,519	7,000,005	481,744
Interest receivable	-	-	E 00E 040	7,038,265	7,038,265
Financial assets at amortized cost Financial assets at fair value	-	-	5,995,940	927.750	5,995,940 827,750
Other assets	-	-	-	827,750 57,037	57,037
	-	-	-		402,936
Property and equipment Total Assets	154,678,429	149,064,288	303,886,459	402,936 8,326,030	615,955,206
T 0.1.1990				<u> </u>	
Liabilities Bonds	133,500,000	149,000,000	282,500,000		565,000,000
Central Bank of Jordan loan	133,300,000	149,000,000	20,014,027	-	20,014,027
Accrued interest	-	-	20,014,027	5,803,957	5,803,957
Other liabilities	_	_	-	2,262,441	2,262,441
Total Liabilities	133,500,000	149,000,000	302,514,027	8,066,398	593,080,425
Net	21,178,429	64,288	1,372,432	259,632	22,874,781
	Up to	From one to	More than	Not tied to	
2020	one year	two years	two years	interest	Total
Assets	0.455.454			20	0.455.540
Cash and cash equivalents	8,457,474	-	-	38	8,457,512
Deposits at banks	2,495,209	101 054 000	247 000 104	-	2,495,209
Refinance loans	203,750,278	131,254,232	247,000,104	-	582,004,614 515,545
Employees' housing loans Interest receivable	28,594	64,288	422,663	7,364,018	
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	-	5,995,940	7,304,016	7,364,018 5,995,940
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	-	3,333,340	827,750	827,750
Other assets	_			30,772	30,772
Property and equipment	_	_	_	421,214	421,214
Total Assets	214,731,555	131,318,520	253,418,707	8,643,792	608,112,574
Total Tableto		101/010/020	200/110/10/	0,010,7,72	
Liabilities					
Bonds	199,000,000	126,000,000	237,000,000	-	562,000,000
Central Bank of Jordan loan	-	=	19,038,873	-	19,038,873
Accrued interest	-	-	-	6,560,713	6,560,713
Other liabilities	_	_	-	1,912,367	1,912,367
Total Liabilities Net	199,000,000 15,731,555	126,000,000 5,318,520	256,038,873 (2,620,166)	8,473,080 170,712	589,511,953 18,600,621

25 . Fair value of financial instruments

Financial instruments comprise of financial assets and financial liabilities. Financial assets of the Company include cash and cash equivalents and refinance loans. Financial liabilities of the Company include bonds, Government's loans and accrued interest.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are not materially different from their carrying values as most of these items are either short-term in nature or re-priced frequently.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observably of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets through other comprehensive income	827,750			827,750
2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets through other comprehensive income	827,750			827,750

26. Financial risk management

Credit risk

Credit risk arises principally from banks' deposits and loans granted to the financial institutions to refinance housing loans. The Company limits its credit risk by adopting conservative lending standards and setting limits to its customers, noting that the Company does not bear any loss arising from any default in the refinanced loans, as it is carried out in full by the financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying value of each financial asset.

The balance of the largest client amounted to JOD (105) Million for the year ended 2021 against JOD (105) Million for the year ended 2020.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. As most of the Company's financial instruments have fixed interest rate and carried at amortized cost, the sensitivity of the Company's results or equity to movements in interest rates is not considered significant.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its net financial obligation. In this respect, the Company's management diversified its funding sources, and managed assets and liabilities taking into consideration liquidity and keeping adequate balances of cash, and cash equivalents and quoted securities.

The table below analysis the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial position to the contractual maturity date:

2021	Up to one year	From one to two years	More than two years	Not tied to maturity	Total
Bonds	133,500,000	149,000,000	282,500,000	_	565,000,000
Central Bank of Jordan loan	-	-	20,014,027	-	20,014,027
Accrued interest	5,803,957	-	-	-	5,803,957
Other liabilities	1,444,215	-	-	818,226	2,262,441
Total liabilities	140,748,172	149,000,000	302,514,027	818,226	593,080,425
Total Assets	161,772,375	149,064,288	303,886,459	1,232,084	615,955,206
2020	Up to one year	From one to	More than	Not tied to	Total
2020	Up to one year	From one to two years	More than two years	Not tied to maturity	Total
	-				Total 562,000,000
	one year	two years	two years		
Bonds	one year	two years	two years 237,000,000		562,000,000
Bonds Central Bank of Jordan loan	one year 199,000,000	two years	two years 237,000,000		562,000,000 19,038,873
Bonds Central Bank of Jordan loan Accrued interest	one year 199,000,000 - 6,560,713	two years	two years 237,000,000	maturity - - -	562,000,000 19,038,873 6,560,713

Equity price risk

Equity price risk results from the change in fair value of the equity securities. The Company manages these risks by investing in capital protected portfolios not exceeding 20% of its equity with reputable financial institutions in accordance with the investment policy set by the Board of Directors. If the quoted market price of listed equity securities had increased or decreased by 10%, the net result for the year would have been reduced / increased by JOD (82,775) during 2021 (2020: JOD 82,775).

27 . Capital management

The Company's management manages its capital structure with the objective of safeguarding the entity's ability to continue as a going concern and providing an adequate return to shareholders by investing the Company's assets commensurately with the level of risk.